

PASSI

Estratti al programma d'esame
Audizione per
Percussioni con l'obbligo degli strumenti a tastiera

Lunedì 21 settembre 2026

Programma:

Xilofono:

M. Goldemberg, Studio N°38 (tratto da "Modern School for Xylophone, Marimba, Vibraphone")

Vibrafono:

D. Friedman, Studio N°26 (tratto da "Vibraphone Technique: Dampening and Pedaling")

Tamburo:

J. Delecluse, Studio N°1 (tratto da "Douze Etudes pour Caisse Claire")

Esecuzione dei seguenti passi d'orchestra:

M. Ravel, Ma Mere l'oye (xilofono)
I. Stravinskij, Les Noces (xilofono)
G. Gerswin, Porgy and Bess (xilofono)
I. Stravinskij, L'Oiseau de Feu
S. Prokofiev, Alexander Nevskij (xilofono e glockenspiel)
P. Dukas, L'Apprendista Stregone (glockenspiel)
L. Bernstein, Symphonic Dances from West Side Story (vibrafono)
N. Rimskij Korsakov, Sheherazade (tamburo)
M. Ravel, Daphnis et Chloé (tamburo)
I. Stravinskij, Les Noces (tamburo)
I. Stravinskij, Sagra della Primavera (grancassa)
P.I. Čaikovskij, Romeo e Giulietta (grancassa e piatti)
P.I. Čaikovskij, Sinfonia N°4 (grancassa e piatti)
G. Bizet, Carmen, Entr'acte atto IV (tamburo basco)
A. Dvorak, Carnival (tamburo basco)
M. Ravel, Alborada del gracioso (castagnette)
N. Rimskij Korsakov, Sheherazade (triangolo)

Eventuale lettura a prima vista

HORRIS GOLDENBERG - Modern school for
xylophone, marimba, vibraphone

Vivace

XXXVIII



③ VIBRAPHONE

Pedaling and Dampening: Etudes

D. FRIEDMAN

ETUDE N° 26

This piece has a jazz flavour and has, in fact, a traditional thirty-two bar structure with a repeat of the A section. It is also a little more contrapuntal in nature than the other pieces, so watch carefully the pedaling and dampening markings.

♩ = 138

The musical score for Etude N° 26 is written for vibraphone. It is in 3/4 time and has a key signature of two flats (Bb and Eb). The tempo is marked as ♩ = 138. The score is divided into six systems, each consisting of two staves. The first system begins with a mezzo-forte (mf) dynamic. The second system includes a decrescendo marking. The third system starts with a forte (f) dynamic and includes a decrescendo marking. The fourth system starts with a piano (p) dynamic and includes a crescendo marking. The fifth system starts with a mezzo-piano (mp) dynamic and includes a mezzo-forte (mf) dynamic. The score features various musical notations including eighth notes, quarter notes, half notes, and triplets, as well as pedaling and dampening markings.

First system of musical notation. The top staff features a melody with a 2-measure rest, followed by eighth notes, and a triplet of eighth notes marked with 'X'. The bottom staff has a 4-measure rest, followed by eighth notes. Dynamics include *f*, *mf*, and *mp*. A 5-measure rest is also present in the top staff.

Second system of musical notation. The top staff continues the melody with eighth notes and a 4-measure rest. The bottom staff has eighth notes and a 4-measure rest. Dynamics include *mf* and *sfz* (sforzando) with a crescendo hairpin.

Third system of musical notation. The top staff has a 4-measure rest, followed by eighth notes. The bottom staff has eighth notes and a 4-measure rest. Dynamics include *p* (piano), *f* (forte), and *mf* (mezzo-forte) with a crescendo hairpin.

Fourth system of musical notation. The top staff has eighth notes and a 4-measure rest. The bottom staff has eighth notes and a 4-measure rest. Dynamics include *f* (forte). A double bar line is present in the top staff.

Fifth system of musical notation. The top staff has eighth notes and a 3-measure rest. The bottom staff has eighth notes and a 3-measure rest. Dynamics include *mf* (mezzo-forte) and *f* (forte). A double bar line is present in the top staff.

sub. *p*

Handwritten musical notation for the first system, featuring a treble and bass staff. The treble staff contains a half note G4, a quarter note A4, a half note B4, and a half note C5. The bass staff contains a half note F#3, a half note G3, a half note A3, and a half note B3. The system is divided into four measures by vertical bar lines.

f *mf* *p* rit.

Handwritten musical notation for the second system. The treble staff begins with a half note G4, followed by a quarter note A4, a quarter note B4, and a half note C5. The bass staff contains a half note F#3, a half note G3, a half note A3, and a half note B3. The system is divided into four measures by vertical bar lines. Dynamic markings include *f* (forte), *mf* (mezzo-forte), and *p* (piano). A *rit.* (ritardando) marking is present in the fourth measure.

p a tempo *mf*

Handwritten musical notation for the third system. The treble staff begins with a half note G4, followed by a quarter note A4, a quarter note B4, and a half note C5. The bass staff contains a half note F#3, a half note G3, a half note A3, and a half note B3. The system is divided into four measures by vertical bar lines. Dynamic markings include *p* (piano) and *mf* (mezzo-forte). The tempo marking *a tempo* is present in the first measure.

OUVRAGE PROTÉGÉ
PHOTOCOPIÉ SANS AUTORISATION
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DOUZE ÉTUDES

pour Caisse-Claire

TWELVE STUDIES | ZWÖLF ETÜDEN | DOCE ESTUDIOS
for the Drum | für die Trommel | para Tambor militar

JACQUES DELECLUSE
Solliste au Théâtre National de l'Opéra
et à la Société des Concerts du Conservatoire

1

$\text{♩} = 60$
 $\text{♩} = 76$

mf p

mf f p

f p

f p subito f

p cresc. f

p mf f

f p

p sub. p

Un poco rit. Tempo

mf p

f p sub. p sub.

cresc. poco a poco f

Maurice Ravel
Mother Goose Suite

XYLOPHONE

I, II - *TACENT*

III. Laideronnette, Impératrice des Pagodes

Mouv^t de Marche

8 **1** 7 **2** 8 **3** Fl.

Cl. Bⁿ **4** H^{tb}

XYLO. **5** 8 **6** 8

Fl. **7** XYLO. *pp*

ff **8**

Les Noces

Russische Tanzszenen mit Gesang und Musik

Igor Strawinsky
1917

2^e Tableau

Tempo I ♩ = 120

Musical score for the 2nd Tableau, measures 43 to 61. The score is written for a single melodic line on a grand staff. It features a variety of time signatures: 4/4, 3/4, 3/8, 6/8, 2/4, and 3/2. The dynamics range from *ff* (fortissimo) to *fff* (fortississimo). Measure 43 is marked with a circled number 43. Measure 44 is marked with a circled number 44 and *fff*. Measure 59 is marked with a circled number 59 and a tempo change to ♩ = 120. Measure 60 is marked with a circled number 60. Measure 61 is marked with a circled number 61. The score includes various musical notations such as slurs, ties, and accents.

3^e Tableau

L'istesso tempo

Musical score for the 3rd Tableau, measures 73 to 81. The score is written for a single melodic line on a grand staff. It features a variety of time signatures: 3/8, 2/4, 3/4, and 3/2. The dynamics range from *f* (forte) to *ff* (fortissimo). Measure 73 is marked with a circled number 73. Measure 80 is marked with a circled number 80 and *ff*. Measure 81 is marked with a circled number 81. The score includes various musical notations such as slurs, ties, and accents.

88 *f*

89

90 2

93 *gliss.*

94 1 *ff*

95 2 1

96

97 *ff*

98

XI LO FON O
L'Oiseau de Feu
Ballett

53

Igor Strawinsky
1909

1^{er} Tableau: Supplications de l'Oiseau de Feu

Meno mosso $\text{♩} = 54$

Musical score for the first section, 'Supplications de l'Oiseau de Feu'. It consists of three staves of music in 3/4 time. The first staff begins with a double bar line and a measure rest, followed by a series of eighth and sixteenth notes. A circled measure number 47 is present. The second staff continues the melodic line with various ornaments and a circled measure number 48. The third staff features a descending melodic line with a circled measure number 48 and a double bar line at the end. Dynamics include *p* and *pp*.

Danse de la Suite de Kastchei Enchantée par l'Oiseau de Feu

Allegro $\text{♩} = 152$

Musical score for the second section, 'Danse de la Suite de Kastchei Enchantée par l'Oiseau de Feu'. It consists of nine staves of music in 3/4 time. The first staff starts with a double bar line and a measure rest, followed by a series of eighth and sixteenth notes. Circled measure numbers 127, 126, 129, 130, 131, 132, and 133 are present. The music is characterized by rapid sixteenth-note passages. Dynamics include *p*, *mp*, *mf*, *f*, and *ff*. The section concludes with the tempo marking 'Allegro feroce' at measure 133.

Porgy and Bess

Introduction

George Gershwin
1935

Allegro con brio ♩ = 112 [♩ = 126]

5

8

10

12

14

16

*) Dieser Takt erscheint in den folgenden Klavierauszügen irrtümlich zweimal:
This bar appears twice, by mistake, in the following editions of the vocal score:

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ALEXANDER NEVSKY

Cantata

XYLOPHONE

Arise, Ye Russian People!

By Serge Prokofieff

Allegro Risoluto ($\text{♩} = 72$)

(30) Solo *p*

31 9

BELLS AND XYLOPHONE

Alexander's Entry Into Pskov

Allegro ma non troppo ($\text{♩} = 84$)

(81) Soli *f*

Bells

Xylo.

82 5 5 5 5

p subito *cresc.* *p* *cresc.*

ALEXANDER NEVSKY—cont.

BELLS
X140

(83)

f

2 2 1 *f*

f

Solo

P con brio

ff

Tacet until

(89)

(90) Più largamente

ff

ff

3 3 3 3 3 3

3 3 3 3 3 3

ff

3 3 3 3 3 3

I

mf

ff

3 3 3 3 3 3

Poco allarg.

ff

3 3 3 3 3 3

Scherzo

18

L'Apprenti Sorcier
Der Zauberlehrling

Paul Dukas
1897

Vif ♩. = 126 (rythmé ternaire)

17 3 *p et détaché*

cresc. *f*

18 *rfz* *rfz* *più f*

19 *sempre cresc.*

Detailed description: This block contains the musical notation for measures 17 through 19 of the Scherzo from L'Apprenti Sorcier. Measure 17 begins with a treble clef, a key signature of three flats (B-flat, E-flat, A-flat), and a 3/8 time signature. It features a triplet of eighth notes (G4, A4, B4) marked with a circled '17' and a '3'. The tempo is 'Vif' (126 beats per minute) with a 'rythmé ternaire' (ternary rhythm). The dynamic is 'p et détaché'. Measure 18 continues with eighth notes and a crescendo ('cresc.') leading to a fortissimo ('f') dynamic. Measure 19 starts with a circled '18' and features a 'rfz' (ritardando) marking, followed by a 'più f' (further fortissimo) dynamic. The final measure, marked with a circled '19', shows a 'sempre cresc.' (always crescendo) instruction over a series of ascending eighth notes.

(22) *Au Mouve**ff*

(24)

(26) *Scherzando**p*(40) *Toujours plus animé**più f**ff*

(52)

ff

6

West Side Story

1. Akt, Nr. 8: Cool

Leonard Bernstein

1957

Allegretto $\text{♩} = 160$

583 *p* *string. un poco* *sfz*

586

589 $\text{♩} = 88$

2 *mf* 2 *mf*

597

3 *p dim. molto*

604

20 Poco più mosso (Fugue)

p

23

3

27

sfz *ff*

Nicolai Rimsky-Korsakov
Scheherazade, Op. 35

Tambur piccolo.

I. II. tacet.

III.

Andantino quasi Allegretto.

24 A 24 B 14 C Viol. I.

pocchiss. più mosso

p *dim.*

ppp

pocchiss. cresc.

E 8 F 4

pp

4 G 1 2 3 4 5 6

p

7 H 4

p

Come prima

Lento. Recit. Tempo I.

K 6 3 L Ob. 9 M 2 5 N 7

Viol. Solo Ad.

pocchiss. più animato

rit. molto

a tempo, scherz.

pp

allarg. assai *a tempo*

IV.

The musical score is written for a single melodic line, likely for a violin or flute, with various instruments and dynamic markings indicated. The tempo and mood changes are marked at the top: **Allegro molto.**, **Recit. Lento.**, and **Allegro molto e frenetico.**

The score is divided into sections by letter and measure numbers:

- Section 1 (Measures 1-18):** Starts with **Allegro molto.** and **G.P.** (Grave). The tempo changes to **Recit. Lento.** at measure 18. The instrument is **Viol. Solo.**
- Section 2 (Measures 19-24):** Starts with **Lento. Recit. Vivo.** and **Viol. Solo.**. The tempo changes to **Vivo.** at measure 24. The instrument is **Viol. Solo.**
- Section 3 (Measures 25-32):** Starts with **Triang.** (Triangle) and **mf** (mezzo-forte). The tempo changes to **f** (forte) at measure 32.
- Section 4 (Measures 33-40):** Starts with **f** (forte) and **f-p** (fz-piano). The tempo changes to **f** (forte) at measure 40.
- Section 5 (Measures 41-48):** Starts with **f** (forte) and **f** (forte). The tempo changes to **f** (forte) at measure 48.
- Section 6 (Measures 49-56):** Starts with **f** (forte) and **f** (forte). The tempo changes to **f** (forte) at measure 56.
- Section 7 (Measures 57-64):** Starts with **f** (forte) and **f** (forte). The tempo changes to **f** (forte) at measure 64.
- Section 8 (Measures 65-72):** Starts with **f** (forte) and **f** (forte). The tempo changes to **f** (forte) at measure 72.
- Section 9 (Measures 73-80):** Starts with **f** (forte) and **f** (forte). The tempo changes to **f** (forte) at measure 80.
- Section 10 (Measures 81-88):** Starts with **f** (forte) and **f** (forte). The tempo changes to **f** (forte) at measure 88.
- Section 11 (Measures 89-96):** Starts with **f** (forte) and **f** (forte). The tempo changes to **f** (forte) at measure 96.
- Section 12 (Measures 97-104):** Starts with **f** (forte) and **f** (forte). The tempo changes to **f** (forte) at measure 104.
- Section 13 (Measures 105-112):** Starts with **f** (forte) and **f** (forte). The tempo changes to **f** (forte) at measure 112.
- Section 14 (Measures 113-120):** Starts with **f** (forte) and **f** (forte). The tempo changes to **f** (forte) at measure 120.
- Section 15 (Measures 121-128):** Starts with **f** (forte) and **f** (forte). The tempo changes to **f** (forte) at measure 128.
- Section 16 (Measures 129-136):** Starts with **f** (forte) and **f** (forte). The tempo changes to **f** (forte) at measure 136.
- Section 17 (Measures 137-144):** Starts with **f** (forte) and **f** (forte). The tempo changes to **f** (forte) at measure 144.
- Section 18 (Measures 145-152):** Starts with **f** (forte) and **f** (forte). The tempo changes to **f** (forte) at measure 152.
- Section 19 (Measures 153-160):** Starts with **f** (forte) and **f** (forte). The tempo changes to **f** (forte) at measure 160.
- Section 20 (Measures 161-168):** Starts with **f** (forte) and **f** (forte). The tempo changes to **f** (forte) at measure 168.
- Section 21 (Measures 169-176):** Starts with **f** (forte) and **f** (forte). The tempo changes to **f** (forte) at measure 176.
- Section 22 (Measures 177-184):** Starts with **f** (forte) and **f** (forte). The tempo changes to **f** (forte) at measure 184.
- Section 23 (Measures 185-192):** Starts with **f** (forte) and **f** (forte). The tempo changes to **f** (forte) at measure 192.
- Section 24 (Measures 193-200):** Starts with **f** (forte) and **f** (forte). The tempo changes to **f** (forte) at measure 200.
- Section 25 (Measures 201-208):** Starts with **f** (forte) and **f** (forte). The tempo changes to **f** (forte) at measure 208.
- Section 26 (Measures 209-216):** Starts with **f** (forte) and **f** (forte). The tempo changes to **f** (forte) at measure 216.
- Section 27 (Measures 217-224):** Starts with **f** (forte) and **f** (forte). The tempo changes to **f** (forte) at measure 224.
- Section 28 (Measures 225-232):** Starts with **f** (forte) and **f** (forte). The tempo changes to **f** (forte) at measure 232.
- Section 29 (Measures 233-240):** Starts with **f** (forte) and **f** (forte). The tempo changes to **f** (forte) at measure 240.
- Section 30 (Measures 241-248):** Starts with **f** (forte) and **f** (forte). The tempo changes to **f** (forte) at measure 248.
- Section 31 (Measures 249-256):** Starts with **f** (forte) and **f** (forte). The tempo changes to **f** (forte) at measure 256.
- Section 32 (Measures 257-264):** Starts with **f** (forte) and **f** (forte). The tempo changes to **f** (forte) at measure 264.
- Section 33 (Measures 265-272):** Starts with **f** (forte) and **f** (forte). The tempo changes to **f** (forte) at measure 272.
- Section 34 (Measures 273-280):** Starts with **f** (forte) and **f** (forte). The tempo changes to **f** (forte) at measure 280.
- Section 35 (Measures 281-288):** Starts with **f** (forte) and **f** (forte). The tempo changes to **f** (forte) at measure 288.
- Section 36 (Measures 289-296):** Starts with **f** (forte) and **f** (forte). The tempo changes to **f** (forte) at measure 296.
- Section 37 (Measures 297-304):** Starts with **f** (forte) and **f** (forte). The tempo changes to **f** (forte) at measure 304.
- Section 38 (Measures 305-312):** Starts with **f** (forte) and **f** (forte). The tempo changes to **f** (forte) at measure 312.
- Section 39 (Measures 313-320):** Starts with **f** (forte) and **f** (forte). The tempo changes to **f** (forte) at measure 320.
- Section 40 (Measures 321-328):** Starts with **f** (forte) and **f** (forte). The tempo changes to **f** (forte) at measure 328.
- Section 41 (Measures 329-336):** Starts with **f** (forte) and **f** (forte). The tempo changes to **f** (forte) at measure 336.
- Section 42 (Measures 337-344):** Starts with **f** (forte) and **f** (forte). The tempo changes to **f** (forte) at measure 344.
- Section 43 (Measures 345-352):** Starts with **f** (forte) and **f** (forte). The tempo changes to **f** (forte) at measure 352.
- Section 44 (Measures 353-360):** Starts with **f** (forte) and **f** (forte). The tempo changes to **f** (forte) at measure 360.
- Section 45 (Measures 361-368):** Starts with **f** (forte) and **f** (forte). The tempo changes to **f** (forte) at measure 368.
- Section 46 (Measures 369-376):** Starts with **f** (forte) and **f** (forte). The tempo changes to **f** (forte) at measure 376.
- Section 47 (Measures 377-384):** Starts with **f** (forte) and **f** (forte). The tempo changes to **f** (forte) at measure 384.
- Section 48 (Measures 385-392):** Starts with **f** (forte) and **f** (forte). The tempo changes to **f** (forte) at measure 392.
- Section 49 (Measures 393-400):** Starts with **f** (forte) and **f** (forte). The tempo changes to **f** (forte) at measure 400.
- Section 50 (Measures 401-408):** Starts with **f** (forte) and **f** (forte). The tempo changes to **f** (forte) at measure 408.
- Section 51 (Measures 409-416):** Starts with **f** (forte) and **f** (forte). The tempo changes to **f** (forte) at measure 416.
- Section 52 (Measures 417-424):** Starts with **f** (forte) and **f** (forte). The tempo changes to **f** (forte) at measure 424.
- Section 53 (Measures 425-432):** Starts with **f** (forte) and **f** (forte). The tempo changes to **f** (forte) at measure 432.
- Section 54 (Measures 433-440):** Starts with **f** (forte) and **f** (forte). The tempo changes to **f** (forte) at measure 440.
- Section 55 (Measures 441-448):** Starts with **f** (forte) and **f** (forte). The tempo changes to **f** (forte) at measure 448.
- Section 56 (Measures 449-456):** Starts with **f** (forte) and **f** (forte). The tempo changes to **f** (forte) at measure 456.
- Section 57 (Measures 457-464):** Starts with **f** (forte) and **f** (forte). The tempo changes to **f** (forte) at measure 464.
- Section 58 (Measures 465-472):** Starts with **f** (forte) and **f** (forte). The tempo changes to **f** (forte) at measure 472.
- Section 59 (Measures 473-480):** Starts with **f** (forte) and **f** (forte). The tempo changes to **f** (forte) at measure 480.
- Section 60 (Measures 481-488):** Starts with

Tambur piccolo.

3

1 1 1 Q

mf

R

15 S *f* *p* *f* 1 *f*

3 T 1 2 3 4 1 2 3 4 5

mf *dim.* *pp*

6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 U 16 V 28

Piu stretto.

7 7 3 2 3

f *f* *f* *f*

2 *f* *f* *f* *f* *f* *f* *f* *f*

W Spiritoso. 14 1

mf

3 *mf* *cresc.* *f*

Allegro non troppo e maestoso.

11 X 6 13 Y 18 Z 6

Lento. Recit. Alla breve. a tempo

3 10 1 4

Viol. Solo. Cad.

DAPHNIS ET CHLOÉ

Caisse Claire - Tambour

MAURICE RAVEL

LES NOCES

Caisse-Claire

2^{me} TABLEAU

IGOR STRAVINSKY

(27) Allegro (♩ = 120)

The musical score is written for Caisse-Claire in bass clef, 4/4 time. It begins at measure 27 with the tempo marking "Allegro (♩ = 120)". The first staff (measures 27-30) starts with a piano (*p*) dynamic. The second staff (measures 31-34) includes a forte (*f*) dynamic and a mezzo-forte (*mf*) dynamic. The third staff (measures 35-38) continues the pattern. The fourth staff (measures 39-42) features a fortissimo (*ff*) dynamic and a "p subito" (piano subito) instruction. The fifth staff (measures 43-46) includes a handwritten "DSOS" above measure 43. The sixth staff (measures 47-50) includes a handwritten "SS" above measure 49. The score concludes with a double bar line and the word "etc." at the end of measure 50.

Publié avec l'autorisation de J.W. Chester L^d Londres

E.A.S. 14102-14179

(G-Cassa & Piatti)

DANSE DE LA TERRE

Lento 3

Prestissimo

G.C.

72

3 3 3 3 3 3

tr

p

molto

tr

p sub. *sf* 1

5 1 2 3

5

p

5

p

molto

73

tr

1 2 3

5

0

5

P subito *sf* p

molto P subito *sf* p

4 5 6

tr

5

P subito

74

1 2

5

P subito *sf* p

3 4 5 6

7 8 9

10 11

75

1 2

3 4 5 6

7 8 9

10 11

76

1 2 3 4 5

6 7 8 9

77

1 2 3

cresc. poco a poco

4 5 6 7 8

30

78

2 1 2 3 4

5

ff

Romeo et Juliette. Ouverture-Fantaisie. Piatti e Gran Cassa.

P. Tschaïkowsky.

Andante non tanto quasi Moderato. *string.*

Allegro. Molto meno mosso. *string.*

20 17 A 23 B 17 8 C 4 6 10 2 6

Allegro giusto.

Piatti

10 21 E Piatti

4 F Gr. Cassa 22 21 H 38

J 30 K 27 L 20 M 11 N 1 1

P 21 Q 24

1 R 22 1 2

54 54

12 Moderato assai.

37

SYMPHONY No. 4

Fourth Movement

Bass Drum

and

Cymbals *Allegro con fuoco*

P. Tschalkowsky, Op. 36

Cymb.
B.D. *ff*

2 2 21 1 2

2 3

1 2

② 16 ③ 9 1 1 1 ④ 27 ⑤ 2

ff *ff*

2 3

1 2

⑥ 24 ⑦ 13 ⑧ 13 *Andante* 5 1

ff *ff*

10 4 ⑨ *Tempo 1* 16 ⑩ 10 ⑪ 2 2

rit. *ff*

⑫ 3

3

4

TAMB. d. BASQUE.
Al.º vivo.

TAMBOURS.

ENTR' ACTE

ff

mi - - - mi - - - en - - - do.

p *pp*

pp

f

p *f* *p*

dim. *pp* *poco cresc*

cresc *f*

Handwritten numbers 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7 are present above the staves.

Overture

Tamburino.

Ant. Dvorak, Op. 92.

Allegro

-19-

126

Andantino con moto

J 26 16 K 16 1 2 3

4 5 6 7 8 9 10

L Tempo I. Allegro

2 10 1

ritard. pp pp

1 1

1 1

1 1

M 13 N 28 O 16 P 25 Q

f

f

G

1

p f p

The musical score consists of ten staves of music. The first staff begins with a treble clef and a key signature of one sharp (F#). It includes a *cresc.* marking and a *ff* dynamic. A triplet of eighth notes is marked with a '3' and an accent (>). The second staff continues the melodic line. The third staff features a *ff* dynamic and a slur over a series of notes. The fourth staff has a '5' above the first note, a '25' above a group of notes, and fingerings '1', '2', '3', and '4' above subsequent notes. The fifth staff has fingerings '5', '6', '7', '8', and '5' above its notes. The sixth staff has fingerings '1', '2', and '3' above its notes. The seventh staff has fingerings '4', '5', and '6' above its notes, followed by four trills marked 'tr'. The eighth staff is marked 'Poco piu mosso' and contains triplets of eighth notes, with fingerings '1', '2', and '3' below them. The ninth staff has fingerings '3', '4', and '5' below its notes, with a *ff* dynamic. The tenth staff ends with a *ff* dynamic and a *seco.* marking, with accents (>) over the final notes.

Maurice Ravel
Alborada del Gracioso

Tambourine and Castanets

(♩ = 92)
Assez vif

11 1 10 2 8 3

gliss. Harpe *ff* Tambour de Basque *ff*

Castagnettes *p* 3 3 *p* 3 3 *p* 3 3

4 Tambour de Basque *ff* Castagnettes *p* 3 3

5 9

6 7 Tambour de Basque *pp* *cresc.* Castagnettes *pp* *cresc.*

8 9 Plus lent 10 au mouvement Plus lent 11 au mouvement rall.

7 11 3 4 6 2

12 au mouv! 13 14 15 au mouvement 2 Hautb. Fl. 16 Tambour de Basque *ff* *f-ff* *ff* *f-ff*

8 6 8 4

4 17 2 4 18 Plus lent 19 au mouv! 20 au mouv! 2

4 9 4

Tambour de Basque, Castagnettes

Hautb. Fl. **21** Tambour de Basque *f* *ff* *f* *ff* *ff* *f* *mf* *f* *Str.* **22** **23** **2** **2**

Castagnettes *p* *3* *p* *3* *p* *3*

24 **5** **25** Tambour de Basque *f* **26** **5** **27** **6**

T.deB. **28** *pp* *tr* *tr* *tr* *tr* *ff*

Cast. *pp* *ff*

29 **6** **30** **6** **1** **31** **4** **32** Tamb. mil. *pp* *pp* *3* *Cast.*

33 Tambour de Basque *p* *3* *3* *3*

T.deB. *3* *3* *3*

Cast. *p*

34 *ff* *ff* *tr* *tr*

35 *3*

Nicolai Rimsky-Korsakov
Scheherazade, Op. 35

1

Triangolo.
I. tacet.
II.

Lento. Recit. 3 **Andantino.** 20 *rit.* 1 **a tempo** 21 *rit.* 1 **a tempo** 21

Viol Solo Cad.

rit. 1 **a tempo** 33 **Allegro molto.** 3 **Recit. Moderato.** *Cad. ad lib.* *Cad. ad lib.*

Tempo giusto. (Allegro molto.) 1 6 **Recit. Molto Moderato.** *Cad. ad lib.* *Cad. ad lib.* **Tempo giusto. (Allegro molto.)** 1

G. P. 31 *Platti* 7 **Recit. Moderato assai.** *rit. a tempo* *rit. a tempo* *rit.* *Cad. ad lib.* *Cad. ad lib.* *Cad. ad lib.*

G Tempo giusto. Vivace scherzando. (Allegro molto.) 9 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 *pp*

9 10 11 12 16 1 2 3 4 5 6 *pp*

7 8 9 10 11 12 7 **H** 2 11 *poco string.*

Platti **Tempo I.** 19 **I** 8 *p*

20 **K** 8 3 3 *p*

3 3 5

Triangolo.

L Recit. Moderato assai. *a tempo* *a tempo* *rit.* **M** Allegro molto. ed animato.

N Con moto. *Cad. ad lib.* *Cad. ad lib.* *Cad. ad lib.* 20

19 1 1 1 1 0 19 1 1 1

4 P 4 *p* *f* 3 *p* *f* *p* *f* *sf*

1 1 1 1 2 **Q** Poco meno mosso. *Raccol.* animato

25 18 6 *f*

III.

Andantino quasi Allegretto. 24 A 24 B 14 C 6 D 9 E

Tambure piccole *pocchiss. più mosso* *ppp*

F 4 *p* 4

G 4 *p*

H 4 *p*

I 8 **K** 6 **Recit. Lento.** 3 Viol. *Cad.*

L Tempo I. *allarg. assai a tempo* 9 **M** 2 5 **N** 7 0 24

poco rit. molto rit. *pp*

Triangolo.

3

IV.

Allegro molto. *G.P.* **Recit. Lento.** *Viol. Cad.*

Allegro molto e frenetico. *f* ***pp cresc.*** *G.P.*

Lento. Recit. Vivo. *Viol. Cad.* **A** *p* **B** *p* **C** **D** **E** **F** **G** **H** **I** **K** **L** **M** **N** **O** **P** **Q** **R**

24 2 2 2 2 3 4 16 16 16 16 16 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 7 11 25 33 0 15 4 8

Triangolo.

S 16 3 T 4 16 U 16 V 16 1 2 3 4

f *pp*

Piu stretto. 40 *f*

Spiritoso. W 8 *f* 2

3 1 3 7 *f*

Allegro non troppo e maestoso. 6 1 *mf*

X 1

Y 3 Piatti 11 Z 6

4 5 6

Lento. Recit. 10 1 *a tempo* 4

Viol. Cad.